

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of producing a compressed product of isomaltulose, isomalt or mixtures containing 6-O- α -D-glucopyranosyl-D-sorbitol ("1,6-GPS") and 1-O- α -D-glucopyranosyl-D-mannitol ("1,1-GPM"), which are characterized by quantity ratios of 1,1-GPM to 1,6-GPS which differ from those of isomalt and/or contain other sugar alcohols, wherein comprising

- a) dry grinding the isomaltulose, isomalt and/or the mixture containing 1,6-GPS and 1,1-GPM,
- b) at the same time or thereafter, separating or obtaining a ground fraction of the isomaltulose, the isomalt or the mixture containing 1,6-GPS and 1,1-GPM with a maximum particle diameter of 100 μ m,
- c) agglomerating the ground fraction with the addition of a liquid binder, and
- d) then compressing the mixture to form a compressed product.

2. (Original) The method according to Claim 1, wherein the mixture containing 1,6-GPS and 1,1-GPM is a mixture of 10 wt% to 50 wt% 1,6-GPS, 2 wt% to 20 wt% 1,1-GPS and 30 wt% to 70 wt% 1,1-GPM, or a mixture of 5 wt% to 10 wt% 1,6-GPS, 30 wt% to 40 wt% 1,1-GPS and 45 wt% to 60 wt% 1,1-GPM, or a mixture enriched with 1,6-GPS with a 1,6-GPS content of 57 wt% to 99 wt% and a 1,1-GPM content of 43 wt% to 1 wt% or a mixture enriched with 1,1-GPM with a 1,6-GPS content of 1 wt% to 43 wt% and a 1,1-GPM content of 57 wt% to 99 wt%.

3. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 1, wherein the particle diameter is $\leq 50 \mu$ m.

4. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 1, wherein the particle diameter is $\leq 30 \mu$ m.

5. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 1, wherein the milling is performed in an air separation ball mill or in a combination of a mill and a downstream air classifier.
6. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 1, wherein additives or auxiliary substances are introduced during milling.
7. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 1, wherein the liquid binder is a solution or suspension of isomalt, a mixture containing 1,6-GPS and 1,1-GPM characterized by quantity ratios of 1,1-GPM to 1,6-GPS which differ from those of isomalt, and also containing fat and gelatin or collidone.
8. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 1, wherein the liquid binder is added to the separated ground fraction by spraying.
9. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 1, wherein the liquid binder is added to the separated ground fraction through a nozzle.
10. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 1, wherein agglomeration is performed intermittently in a fluidized-bed agglomerator or in a continuously operated installation.
11. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 1, wherein the liquid binder is added to the separated ground fraction in a form in which it is heated to a temperature above room temperature.
12. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 1, wherein additives and/or flavorings are added to the agglomerate after adding the liquid binder and before pressing.
13. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 1, wherein size fractionation of the agglomerate is performed after adding the liquid binder and before pressing.

14. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 13, wherein the size fractionation of the agglomerate is performed in a screening machine.

15. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 1, wherein the agglomerate is dried after agglomeration.

16. (Previously Presented) A compressed product that can be produced according to Claim 1.

17. (Previously Presented) An agglomerate that can be produced by process steps a) through c) according to Claim 1.